UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT NEW YORK	
JEREMY LEVIN and DR. LUCILLE LEVIN,	: :
Plaintiffs,	: Case No. 09 CV 5900 (RPP) (MHD)
- V -	
BANK OF NEW YORK, JPMORGAN CHASE, SOCIETE GENERALE, and CITIBANK,	: : :
Defendants.	; ;
CITIBANK, N.A.,	: CITIBANK, N.A.'S ANSWER TO COUNTERCLAIMS ASSERTED BY PLAINTIFFS CARLOS
Third-Party Plaintiff,	: ACOSTA WITH RESPECT TO : PHASE TWO BLOCKED ASSETS
JAMES OWENS, et al.,	
Third-Party Defendants.	: :
	. **

Defendant/Third-Party Plaintiff Citibank, N.A. ("Citibank"), by its undersigned attorneys, Davis Wright Tremaine LLP, hereby submits its answer to the Counterclaims of third-party respondents Carlos Acosta, Maria Acosta, Tova Ettinger, Irving Franklin (on his own behalf and as Administrator of the Estate of the late Irma Franklin), Baruch Kahane, Libby Kahane, Ethel J. Griffin (as Administratrix of the Estate of the late Binyamin Kahane), Norman Kahane (on his own behalf and as Executor of the Estate of the late Sonia Kahane), and Ciporah Kaplan (the "Acosta Judgment Creditors") and alleges as follows:

Paragraphs 1-55 pertain of the Acosta Judgment Creditor's answer to Citibank's Third-Party Complaint and therefore do not require a response.

ANSWERS TO COUNTERCLAIMS AGAINST CITIBANK

56. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 56 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.

Parties

- 57. Denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 57, except states that a judgment was entered in the case entitled *Acosta*, *et al. v. Islamic Republic of Iran, et al.*, Civil Action No. 06-745 (RCL) (D.D.C.).
 - 58. Admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 58.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 59. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 59 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.
- 60. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 60 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.

Allegations Common to All Counterclaims

- 61. Denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 61, except admits on information and belief that the Acosta Judgment Creditors obtained a judgment pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1605A in the amount of \$350,172,000.00 against judgment debtors the Islamic Republic of Iran ("Iran") and the Iranian Ministry of Information and Security ("MOIS") (the "Acosta Judgment").
- 62. Denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 62.

- 63. Denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 63, and refers to the December 11, 2009 Order for a true and complete recitation of the contents therein.
- 64. Denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 64, and refers to the writ of execution for a true and complete recitation of the contents therein.
- 65. Denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 65, and refers to the amended writ of execution for a true and complete recitation of the contents therein, except admits that an amended writ of execution was served on Citibank on or about April 15, 2010.
- 66. Admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 66, and refers to the cited answer and amended answer for a true and complete recitation of the contents therein.
- 67. Admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 67, and refers to the cited Orders for a true and complete recitation of the contents therein.
- 68. Admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 68, except states that a corrected order was entered on July 11, 2011 and refers to the two Orders for a true and complete recitation of the contents therein.
- 69. Admits the allegations contained in Paragraph 69, and refers to the Order of September 16, 2011 for a true and complete recitation of the contents therein.
- 70. Admits that the Third-Party Complaint alleges that Citibank remains in possession of numerous blocked assets, but lacks information sufficient to form a belief as the truth of the rest of the allegations contained in Paragraph 70, and refers to the Third-Party Complaint for a true and complete recitation of the contents therein.

71. Denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 71.

First Counterclaim

- 72. Citibank incorporates its responses to paragraphs 57 through 71 as though fully set forth herein.
- 73. Denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 73, except admits that the Acosta Judgment Creditors obtained the Acosta Judgment.
- 74. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 74 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.
- 75. Denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in Paragraph 75, except admits that Citibank holds certain assets blocked pursuant to Executive Orders issued by the President of the United States and blocking regulations issued by the United States Department of the Treasury and refers to those orders and regulations for a true and complete recitation of the contents thereof.
- 76. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 76 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.
- 77. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 77 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein, and refers to the statutes and rules cited in Paragraph 77 for a true and complete recitation of the contents thereof.

Second Counterclaim

- 78. Citibank incorporates its responses to paragraphs 57 through 71 as though fully set forth herein.
- 79. Admits that the language cited in Paragraph 79 appears in the Section 201(a) of the Terrorism Risk Insurance Act and refers to that Section of that Act for a true and complete recitation of the contents thereof.
- 80. States that the allegations contained in paragraph 80 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except to the extent a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.
- 81. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 81 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.
- 82. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 82 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.
- 83. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 83 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.
- 84. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 84 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.
- 85. States that the allegations contained in Paragraph 85 constitute legal conclusions as to which no response is required, except that, if a response is required, denies knowledge and information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations therein.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Without assuming the burden of proof or the burden of persuasion on any matters where the burden rests on the Acosta Judgment Creditors as counterclaim plaintiffs, Citibank asserts the following affirmative and other defenses with respect to the counterclaims.

FOR ITS FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Persons other than the Islamic Republic of Iran or its agencies or instrumentalities may have ownership or other interests in part or all of the assets that are the subject of this third-party proceeding("Phase 2 Blocked Assets") which may be superior to the rights of the Acosta Judgment Creditors to enforce their judgment against the Phase 2 Blocked Assets.

FOR ITS SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Phase 2 Blocked Assets may be subject to competing claims by other holders of final judgments against the Islamic Republic of Iran or its agencies and instrumentalities, or plaintiffs in other actions with claims against them who have served Liens of Lis Pendens or other notices of restraint or attachment, including but not limited to judgment holders or plaintiffs in other actions against Iran who have already served writs of execution and/or restraining orders on Citibank prior to this action and/or have served an answer to the third-party petition served on them in this action. In accordance with the Court's September 16, 2011 Order, Citibank has interpled such parties into this action so that the Court can determine the respective rights of all interested parties, if any, to the Phase 2 Blocked Assets.

FOR ITS THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Phase 2 Blocked Assets sought by the Acosta Judgment Creditors include wire transfers that were routed through Citibank as an intermediary bank but that could not be completed because they were blocked pursuant to an Executive Order or regulations administered by OFAC. Citibank simply blocks any property or accounts that it is directed to

block by such Executive Orders or regulations. Because under New York law, wire funds in the temporary possession of Citibank as an intermediary bank are not the property of the originator, the ordering bank or the beneficiary, they are not subject to attachment and turn over. *See The Shipping Corp. of India Ltd. v. Jaldhi Overseas Pte Ltd.*, 585 F.3d 58 (2d Cir. 2009), *cert denied*, 130 S. Ct. 1896 (2010). Notwithstanding the above, Citibank acknowledges the Court's holding on this issue with respect to Phase 1 Assets in its Opinion and Order of January 20, 2011 (as amended March 4, 2011) and in the Corrected Order entering final judgment with respect to Phase 1 Assets, dated July 11, 2011.

FOR ITS FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

To the extent the Acosta Judgment Creditors seek assets in this action that are located outside the United States and/or not being used for a commercial activity in the United States, such assets are immune from attachment and execution in New York under the Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act ("FSIA"), 28 U.S.C. § 1610(a) which authorizes execution against property of a foreign state under certain circumstances which is located "in the United States."

FOR ITS FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

To the extent that the Acosta Judgment Creditors seek to enforce their rights under TRIA § 201 or Section 1605(a) of the FSIA, the Acosta Judgment Creditors must establish all of the elements necessary to obtain relief under those statutes to establish a judgment against the Judgment Debtors.

FOR ITS SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Acosta Judgment Creditors' counterclaims are barred to the extent that they are asserted against assets not before this Court, namely the assets currently before Judge Barbara S. Jones, in the proceeding captioned *Deborah D. Peterson, et al. v. Islamic Republic of Iran, et al.*, 10 Civ. 4518 (S.D.N.Y.).

WHEREFORE, Citibank respectfully requests the entry of judgment:

- (1) determining its rights and the rights of the Acosta Judgment Creditors and of all other third-party defendants in the Phase 2 Blocked Assets;
- (2) determining that the service made by Citibank of the third-party complaint, the third-party summons and other relevant documents on the Acosta Judgment Creditors, and the service of same by the judgment creditors on Iran, constitutes good and sufficient service under CPLR §5239, the FSIA, and any other applicable provision of law;
- (3) determining that this Court has subject matter jurisdiction and *in personam* and/or *in rem* jurisdiction over the Acosta Judgment Creditors or the Phase 2 Blocked Assets sufficient to determine the parties' rights with respect to such assets;
- (4) determining whether and to what extent each of the Phase 2 Blocked Assets is subject to execution to satisfy the Acosta Judgment Creditor's judgment;
- (5) discharging Citibank from any and all liability to the Acosta Judgment Creditors, and any other persons who may have claims to, or an interest in, any Phase 2 Blocked Assets that are turned over to the Acosta Judgment Creditors or any other third-party defendant to satisfy the Acosta Judgment Creditor's judgment or any other judgment against Iran, including but not limited to any and all parties in this action, or any of their agents or instrumentalities, in accordance with CPLR §§ 5209 and 6204 as well as in interpleader pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 22;
- (6) restraining and enjoining all parties to this action, or any of their agents or instrumentalities from instituting or prosecuting any claim or action against Citibank in any jurisdiction, arising from or relating to any claim to the Phase 2 Blocked Assets;
- (7) awarding to Citibank its costs and expenses in this proceeding, including reasonable attorneys' fees; and

(8) awarding to Citibank such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

Dated: New York, New York October 25, 2011

Respectfully submitted,

DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE LLP

Sharon L. Schneier Christopher Robinson

1633 Broadway – 27th floor New York, New York 10019 (212) 489-8230

Attorneys for Defendant/Third-Party Plaintiff/Counterclaim Defendant Citibank, N.A.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Megan C. Duffy, hereby certify that on the 25th day of October, 2011, I caused to be served by <u>ECF</u>, a true and correct copy of the accompanying CITIBANK, N.A.'S ANSWER TO COUNTERCLAIMS ASSERTED BY CARLOS ACOSTA WITH RESPECT TO PHASE TWO BLOCKED ASSETS upon the following:

Don Howarth, Esq.	Petek Gunay		
Suzelle M. Smith, Esq.	Liviu Vogel, Esq.		
Kathryn Lee Crawford, Esq.	Salon Marrow Dyckman Newman Broudy		
Howarth and Smith (LA)	LLP		
523 West Sixth Street, Suite 728	292 Madison Ave, 6th floor		
Los Angeles, CA 90014	New York, NY 10017		
(213) 955-9400	(646) 843 1927		
dhowarth@howarth-smith.com	(646) 843 1928 (fax)		
ssmith@howarth-smith.com	pgunay@salonmarrow.com		
	lvogel@salonmarrow.com		
Kathryn Lee Crawford			
Schwarcz Rimberg Boyd & Rader, LLP	Counsel for Deborah D. Peterson		
115 Broadway, Suite 302			
New York, CA 10066			
(212) 697-3250			
(212) 227-4533 (fax)			
lboyd@srbr-law.com			
Counsel for Jeremy and Dr. Levin			
Curtis Campbell Mechling, Esq.	Anne Pennock Kaplan, Esq.		
James Bernard, Esq.	Fay Kaplan Law, PA		
Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP	777 Sixth Street, NW, Suite 410		
180 Maiden Lane	Washington, D.C. 20001		
New York, NY 10038	202-589-1300		
(212) 806-5400	annie.kaplan@gmail.com		
cmechling@stroock.com			
jbernard@stroock.com			
	Counsel for Catherine Bonk, James Owens		
Counsel for Steven M. Greenbaum and Carlos	and Terence J. Valore		
Acosta			
Barbara L. Seniawski, Esq.	Robert J. Tolchin, Esq.		
DLA Piper LLP	225 Broadway, 24 th Floor, New York, NY		
1251 Avenue of the Americas	10007		
New York, NY 10020	(212) 227-2181		
(212) 335-4934	rjt@tolchinlaw.com		
Barbara.seniawski@dlapiper.com			
	Counsel for Jenny Rubin		
Richard Kremen, Esq.			

Dale K. Cathell, Esq.			
DLA Piper LLP			
6225 Smith Avenue			
Baltimore, MD 21209			
(410) 580-4122			
Dale.cathell@dlapiper.com			
richard.Kremen@dlapiper.com			
Counsel for the Estate of Michael Heiser			
James P. Bonner, Esq.	Noel J. Nudelman, Esq.		
Patrick L. Rocco, Esq.	Heideman Nudelman and Kalik, PC		
Susan Davies, Esq.	1146 19 th Street, NW		
Stone Bonner & Rocco LLP	5 th Floor		
260 Madison Ave., 15 th Floor	Washington, DC 20036		
New York, NY 10016			
	(202) 463-1818		
(908) 516-2045	njnudelman@hnklaw.com		
jbonner@lawssb.com			
sdavies@lawssb.com	Counsel for the Estate of Stephen Bland and		
procco@lawssb.com	the Estate of James Sylvia		
Noel J. Nudelman, Esq.			
Heideman Nudelman and Kalik, PC			
1146 19 th Street, NW			
5 th Floor			
Washington, DC 20036			
njnudelman@hnklaw.com			
Counsel for Estate of Anthony Brown			
Keith Fleischman	Thomas Fortune Fay, Esq.		
Fleischman Law Firm	Fay Kaplan Law, PA		
565 Fifth Avenue, 7 th Floor	777 Sixth Street, NW, Suite 410		
	, ,		
New York, NY 10017	Washington, D.C. 2000		
Tel: (212) 880-9571	(202) 589-1300		
Fax: (917) 591-5245	thomasfay@aol.com		
keith@fleischmanlawfirm.com			
Counsel for the Estate of James Sylvia	Counsel for Judith Abasi Mwila		
Jane Carol Norman, Esq.	Cary Brian Samowitz		
Bond & Norman, PLLC	DLA Piper US LLP (NY)		
777 Sixth Street, NW, #410	1251 Avenue of the Americas		
Washington, D.C. 20001	New York, NY 10020		
(202) 536-3051	(212) 335-4500		

jnorman425@aol.com	(212) 335-4501 (fax)		
	cary.samowitz@dlapiper.com		
Thomas Fortune Fay, Esq.			
Fay Kaplan Law, PA	Barbara L. Seniawski		
777 Sixth Street, NW, Suite 410	DLA Piper US LLP (NY)		
Washington, D.C. 20001	1251 Avenue of the Americas		
(202) 589-1300	New York, NY 10020		
thomasfay@aol.com	(212)-335-4934		
	(212)-884-8734 (fax)		
Counsel for Rizwan Khaliq	barbara.seniawski@dlapiper.com		
Comiser for 102 main 1 many	our our ausenia worki ayarapiper.com		
	Counsel for the Estate of Brent Marthaler		
Karl Geercken	Mark Hanchet		
Alston & Bird LLP	Christopher James Houpt		
90 Park Avenue	Mayer Brown LLP		
New York, NY 10016	1675 Broadway		
New Tork, IVI 10010	New York, NY 10019		
Council For The Ponk of Tokyo Mitaybishi HEI	(212)506-2500 x2695		
Counsel For The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ			
	(212)262-1950 (fax)		
	mhanchet@mayerbrown.com		
	choupt@mayerbrown.com		
	Counsel for Societe Generale		
John Joseph Hay	Howard B. Levi		
Salans, LLP	J. Kelley Nevling, Jr		
620 Fifth Avenue	Levi Lubarsky & Feigenbaum LLP		
New York, NY 10020	1185 Avenue of the Americas		
212 632-5500 x8457	17th Floor		
212 632-5555 (fax)	New York, NY 10036		
jhay@salans.com	212-308-6100		
	212-308-8830 (fax)		
Counsel for The International Bank of Azerbaijan-	hlevi@llf-law.com		
Moscow, LLC	knevling@llf-law.com		
	Counsel for Ponk of New York Molen		
	Counsel for Bank of New York Melon		
Terry Alan Myers			
Jeffrey Lance Nagel			
Gibbons P.C. (NY)			
One Pennsylvania Plaza, 37th Floor			
New York, NY 10119			
(212) 613-2005			
(212) 613-2003 (212)-554-9670 (fax)			
\ + \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\			
tmyers@gibbonslaw.com jnagel@gibbonslaw.com			

Counsel for Commerzbank AG		

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Megan C. Duffy

Sworn to before me this 25h of October, 2011

Notary Public

LINDA G. MOSCHETTI
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01MO4723235
Qualified in Bronx County
Term Expires August 31, 20